

Floret- Individual flowers bracted by a lemma and palea

Spikelet- The basic unit of a grass inflorescence consisting of 2 glumes and 2 or more florets

Glumes- A pair of bracts at the base of a spikelet

Awn- A bristle-like appendage, usually a continuation of the mid-nerve of the lemma or the glume

Culm- A grass stem, usually hollow except at the ordinarily swollen nodes

Node- The joint of a culm (the "knees" of a grass stem)

Internode- The culm (stem) segment between two nodes

Blade- The laterally expanded portion of a grass leaf

Sheath- The basal portion of the leaf that surrounds a grass stem

Leaf- The sheath and blade of a grass

Collar- The outer side of a grass leaf at the junction of the sheath and blade, often lighter colored than the surrounding tissue

Stolon- Stems that lie upon the ground and root at the nodes or at least bend over and root at the tip

Rhizome- A creeping underground stem

Fibrous- A type of root form

Ligule- An outgrowth from the leaf sheath. Because they vary in size, shape, and texture, they are used in the identification process

Lemma- The lower of two bracts surrounding the grass flower (see palea)

Palea- The uppermost of two bracts surrounding the grass flower (see lemma)

California Native Grasslands Association

Anatomy of a Grass 10 11 12 13 14 15 17 16



Word Bank rhizome stolon fibrous culm spikelet palea lemma ligule floret glumes leaf node blade collar internode sheath awn

Down

- 1. Stems that lie upon the ground and root at the nodes or at least bend over and root at the tip
- 2. A type of root form
- 5. The culm (stem) segment between two nodes
- 6. A pair of bracts at the base of a spikelet
- 8. A grass stem, usually hollow except at the ordinarily swollen nodes
- 10. The uppermost of two bracts surrounding the grass flower (see lemma)
- 11. Individual flowers bracted by a lemma and palea
- 13. The laterally expanded portion of a grass leaf
- 17. A bristle-like appendage, usually a continuation of the mid-nerve of the lemma or the glume

Across

- 3. The outer side of a grass leaf at the junction of the sheath and blade, often lighter colored than the surrounding tissue
- 4. A creeping underground stem
- 7. The joint of a culm (the "knees" of a grass stem)
- 9. The basic unit of a grass inflorescence consisting of 2 glumes and 2 or more florets
- 12. The sheath and blade of a grass
- 14. An outgrowth from the leaf sheath. Because they vary in size, shape, and texture, they are used in the identification process
- 15. The lower of two bracts surrounding the grass flower (see palea)
- 16. The basal portion of the leaf that surrounds a grass stem